

Connecticut Department of Public Health HIV Surveillance Program
Hispanic/Latino People Living with HIV Infection by Sex, Race, and Risk, Connecticut, 2016

	Mode of Transmission																Total	
	MSM		IDU		MSM and IDU		Heterosexual contact		Perinatal		Presumed Heterosexual contact		Other		Unknown			
	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of total
Total	757	21.5	1,245	35.4	74	2.1	1,019	29.0	82	2.3	71	2.0	4	0.1	262	7.5	3,514	100.0
Sex																		
Male	757	33.7	860	38.3	74	3.3	308	13.7	41	1.8	--	--	3	0.1	204	9.1	2,247	63.9
Female	--	--	385	30.4	--	--	711	56.1	41	3.2	71	5.6	1	0.1	58	4.6	1,267	36.1
Current Age																		
<20	3	17.6	--	--	--	--	1	5.9	12	70.6	--	--	--	--	1	5.9	17	0.5
20-29	122	52.8	6	2.6	2	0.9	28	12.1	59	25.5	2	0.9	--	--	12	5.2	231	6.6
30-39	186	39.1	71	14.9	16	3.4	138	29.0	11	2.3	18	3.8	2	0.4	34	7.1	476	13.5
40-49	205	21.8	346	36.8	19	2.0	278	29.5	--	--	20	2.1	--	--	73	7.8	941	26.8
50-59	186	15.1	533	43.3	29	2.4	365	29.7	--	--	20	1.6	1	0.1	97	7.9	1,231	35.0
60+	55	8.9	289	46.8	8	1.3	209	33.8	--	--	11	1.8	1	0.2	45	7.3	618	17.6

Data based on most recent known address as of 2016

The term HIV Infection is used to refer to three categories of diagnoses collectively:

1 - persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection (not AIDS)

2 - a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later diagnosis of AIDS

3 - concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS

Data supplied from HIV Surveillance for cases reported through 2017